



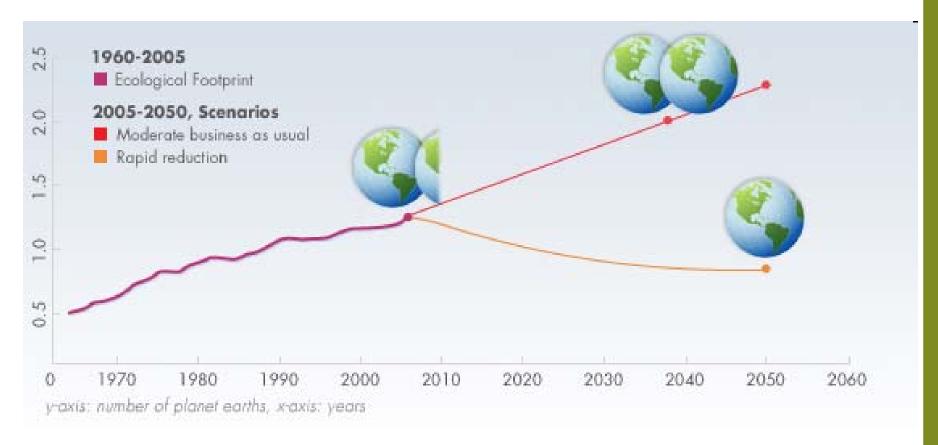
Making Our Cities More Liveable and Sustainable - a new paradigm needed

By Monica Richter Sustainable Australia Program Manager





The planet's eco footprint



Source:

http://www.footprintnetwork.org/en/index.php/GFN/page/world_footprint/

AUSTRALIAN CONSUMPTION ATLAS

Home

Greenhouse Pollution

Water Use

Eco-footprint

postcode

GO G

or state 🔽

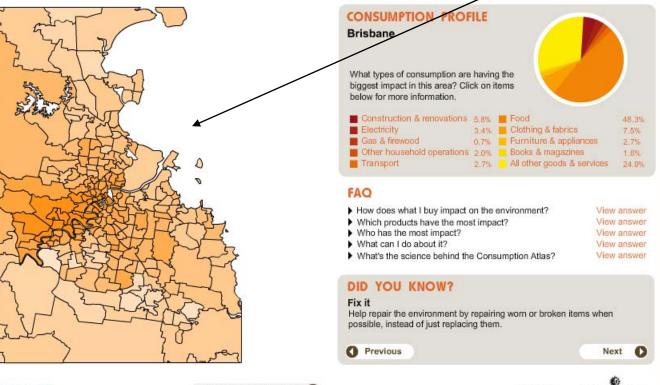
ECO-FOOTPRINT

IN BRISBANE

The eco-footprint is a measure of the total amount of land required to supply all the resources a person's lifestyle demands. Australians have the fourth highest eco-footprint in the world. An average Australian has an eco-footprint of about 6.4 hectares. That's about the size of 9 rugby league football fields.

The largest eco-footprints occur in the inner city households and those along the Brisbane river(over eight hectares per capita annually). High levels of consumption in St Lucia, Newstead and Fortifued Valley result in some of the highest environmental impacts. Overall, Brisbane's eco-footprint is about 3% larger than the state's per capita.

Fortitude Valley result in some of the highest environmental impacts. Overall, Brisbane's eco-footprint is about 3% larger than the state's per capita average and 4% larger than the national average.



Brisbane's eco-footprint about 3% larger than the state's and 4% larger than the national average.

Hectares per person per year:

<4.9 9.0





This project has been assisted by the New South Wales Government through its Environmental Trust.



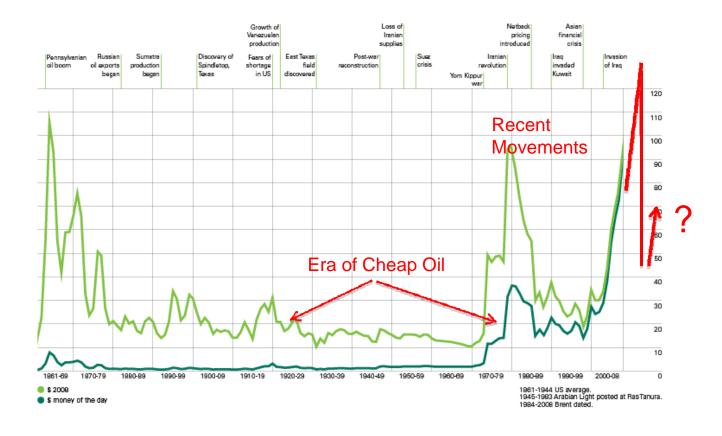


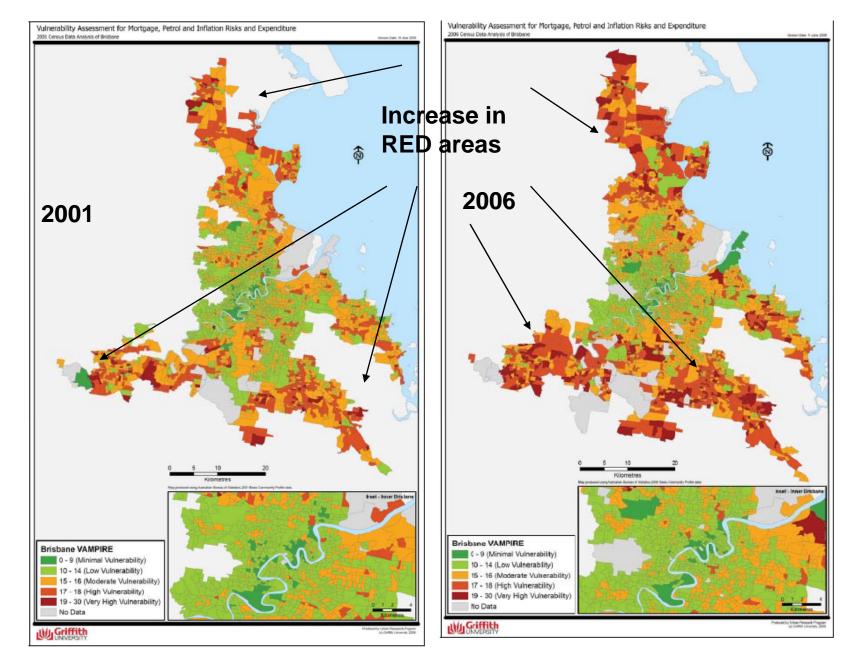
Long Term Oil Prices

Source: BP Statistical Review of World Energy 2009

Crude oil prices 1861 - 2008

US dollar per barrel World events





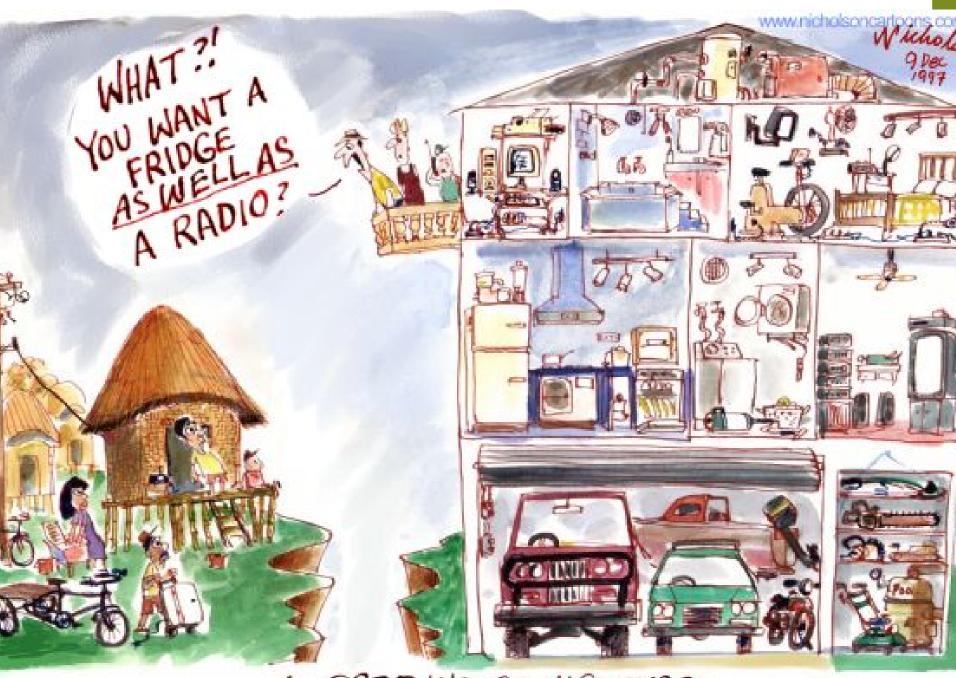
Jago Dodson, VAMPIRE Index



Environmental Challenges

Increasing population will make it harder for us to reduce our environmental impacts in our cities





A GREENHOUSE NIGHTMARE ...



Sustainable Cities Index

Ranking Australia's 20 largest cities in 2010





Sustainable Cities Index

Australia's 20 largest cities

Adelaide Albury-Wodonga Ballarat

Bendigo Brisbane Cairns

Canberra-Queanbeyan Darwin Geelong

Gold Coast-Tweed Hobart Launceston

Melbourne Newcastle Perth

Sunshine Coast Sydney Toowoomba

Townsville Wollongong



15 different indicators

Environment: Air Quality Ecological Footprint Green Building Water Biodiversity

Quality of Life: Health Density Subjective Wellbeing Transport Employment

Resilience: Climate Change Public Participation Education Household Repayments Food Production



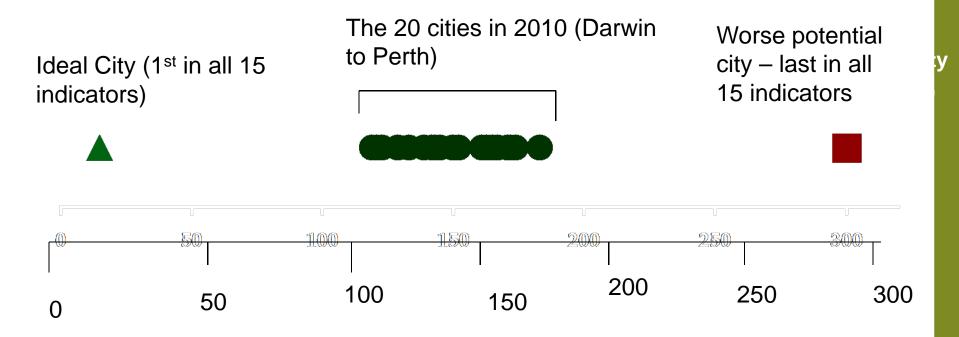
■ Most sustainable city in 2010: **Darwin**



1	Darwin	11	Toowoomba
2	Sunshine Coast	12	Sydney
3	Brisbane	13	Launceston
4	Townsville	=1	Adelaide
		4	
5	Canberra-Queanbeyan	=1	Ballarat
		4	
6	Hobart	15	Albury-Wodonga
7	Melbourne	16	Wollongong
8	Gold Coast-Tweed	17	Newcastle
9	Cairns	18	Geelong
10	Bendigo	19	Perth



Distribution of cities





Observation of the results

- No city is exceptional
- □ 'Capital city advantage' for some
- □ Consistent messages:
 - High energy and water consumption
 - Poor infrastructure investment
- □ Regional cities lower employment and lower education
- □ ALL CITIES CAN IMPROVE THEIR PERFORMANCE



National Agenda for a Sustainable Australia

- 1. Lead the transition to a clean economy and sustainable Australia
- 2. Take effective climate change action now
- 3. Transform our cities to be world leaders in efficiency and liveability







What is ACF asking for?

1. Cut energy and water waste in our homes and workplaces

2. Deliver world class public and active transport systems



 Work with all levels of government for rapid progress towards green precincts and healthy carbon neutral cities

4. Clean up Australia's vehicle fleet and make road user charges reflect true cost of motoring







Changes in cultural habits...

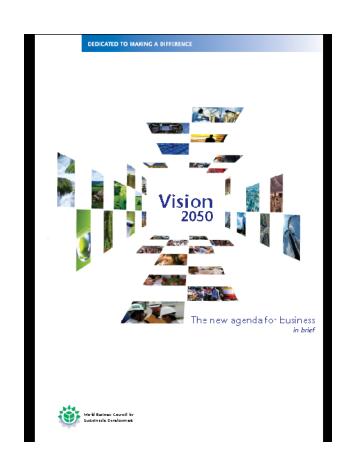
- Going green now a social and economic issue being good corporate citizen
- Other measures of wellbeing
- Downshifting and transition town phenomenon
- Relocalisation





What are world business leaders doing?

In 2050, around 9 billion people live well, and within the limits of the planet





Entering the ecological age

Peter Head's Brunel Lectures

"The engineer's role" 2009 paper

■ Jeremy Rifkin – the Empathic Civilisation and EU 5 pillars



Leadership required





Future is in our hands





AUSTRALIAN CONSERVATION We are in this together





www.acfonline.org.au/sustainablecities